



WHATS CLIL?



- A dual-focused educational approach
- Learners study subject content and language at the same time
- Developed in Europe, now widely used worldwide
- Promotes deeper learning and real-life language use

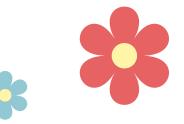








TYPES OF CLIL





Soft CLIL: Language-led, with subject content support

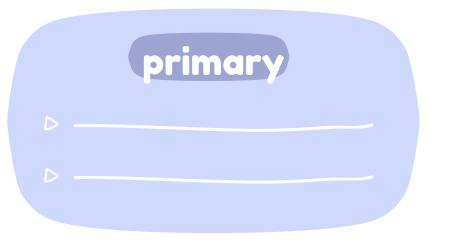
Hard CLIL: Subject-led, taught in English

Crosscurricular CLIL

CLIL IN INTERNATIONAL COURSEBOOKS







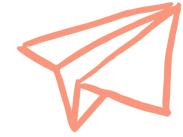




CLIL IN KINDERGARTEN*



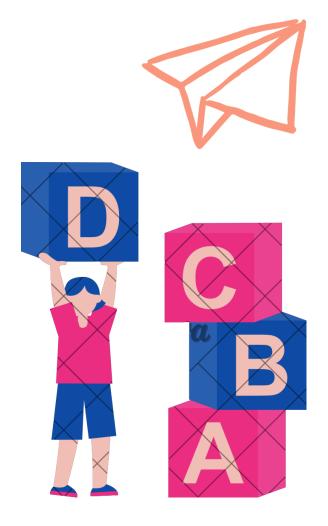
- Focus on basic content: colors, shapes, animals, body parts, weather
- Activities: matching, sorting, role play, simple crafts
- Example: "Healthy Food" name foods and sort into good/bad for you



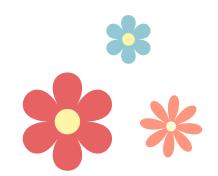


CLIL IN PRIMARY SCHOOL*

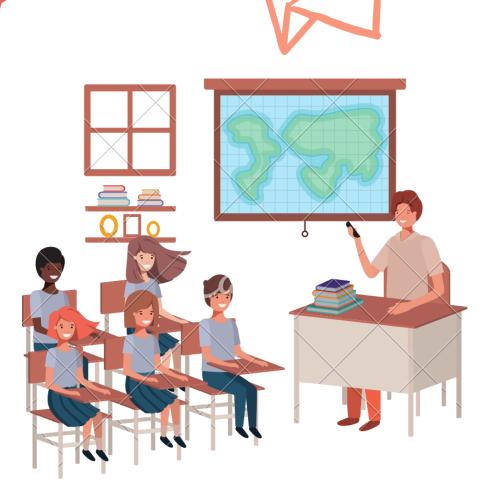
- Themes: weather, habitats, life cycles, the human body
- Activities: group projects, simple experiments, classification tasks
- Scaffold language: visuals, sentence starters, keywords
- Example: "Animals and Habitats" describe and match animals to habitats



CLIL IN SECONDARY . ~ SCHOOL



- Subjects: Science, Geography, Social science, History
- Activities: presentations, posters, debates, data analysis
- Use of authentic texts and videos
- Example: "Natural Disasters" research and present a case study in groups



*COMMON MISTAKES IN CLIL







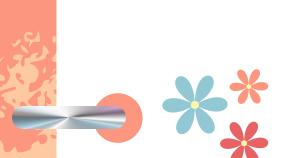




- Overloading students with too much new content and vocabulary
 - X No scaffolding (support for understanding and using language)
 - X Focusing only on vocabulary lists
- Choosing topics too advanced for learners' age or language level
 - Always balance content and language objectives







TEACHER PRACTICE ** TASK

33

pre-school CLIL activity

primary school CLIL activity

secondary
school CLIL
activity

1. PRESCHOOL LESSON (AGES 4-5)



Topic: Toys

Lesson Type: Vocabulary and speaking

Goal: Learn and name common toys in English

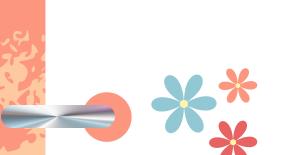
Objectives:

Recognize and say words like "ball," "car," "doll,"
 "train"

- Respond to questions: "What is this?" "It's a ball."
- Participate in a game: "Find the toy"







2. PRIMARY SCHOOL LESSON (AGES 8-9)

Topic: Prepositions of Place

Lesson Type: Grammar and functional language

Goal: Use prepositions like "in," "on," "under," "next to"

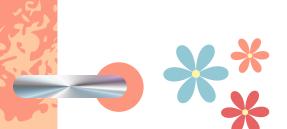
correctly

Objectives:

- Describe the location of objects in a room
- Play classroom games using prepositions
- Draw and label a picture with object placement







3. SECONDARY SCHOOL LESSON (AGES 13-14



Lesson Type: Functional communication

Goal: Learn how to make, accept, and decline

invitations

Objectives:

Practice polite phrases: "Would you like to...?",

"Sounds great!", "I'm afraid I can't."

Role-play dialogues in pairs

Write a short invitation message







